

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1

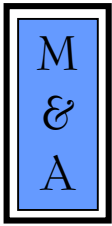
Financial Statements

December 31, 2025

**Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Financial Statements
December 31, 2025**

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McMAHAN AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**To the Board of Directors
Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Vail, Colorado**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the District, as of December 31, 2025 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
To the Board of Directors
Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Vail, Colorado

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with U.S. GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. GAAP require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis in Section B be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
To the Board of Directors
Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Vail, Colorado**

Required Supplementary Information (continued)

The budgetary comparison information in section E is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. GAAP. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.

**McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.
Avon, Colorado
June 22, 2026**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2025

As management of Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are composed of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains additional supplementary information after the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The governmental activity of the District is primarily financing the construction, operation, and maintenance of the basic public infrastructure within the District. There are no business-type activities within the District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages C1 and C2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District currently has one fund, the General Fund, which is a governmental fund.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. A reconciliation of the fund balance as reported in the governmental funds to the net position reported in the government-wide financial statements and a reconciliation of the net change in fund balance to the change in net position has been provided to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The fund financial statements are contained on pages C3 through C6 of the report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages D1 through D14 of this report.

Condensed Financial Information A condensed comparative summary of the District’s government-wide assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, net position, revenues and expenditures follows:

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS:		
Current assets	\$ 251,299	\$ 621,991
Non-current assets	495,590	561,669
Total Assets	746,889	1,183,660
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities	19,820	80,365
Non-current liabilities	231,479	541,626
Total Liabilities	251,299	621,991
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in capital assets	495,590	561,669
Restricted for emergencies	14,900	24,650
Unrestricted	(14,900)	(24,650)
Total Net Position	\$ 495,590	\$ 561,669
REVENUES:		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 480,892	\$ 771,934
Interest and other revenue	15,930	49,868
Total Revenues	496,822	821,802
EXPENSES:		
General government	76,406	95,981
Public works	486,495	791,901
Interest on long-term debt	-	-
Total Expenses	562,901	887,882
Change in Net Position	(66,079)	(66,080)
Net Position - Beginning	561,669	627,749
Net Position - Ending	\$ 495,590	\$ 561,669

The District is the operating district in a triple district structure whereby the District is coordinating the financing and constructing public infrastructure for Vail Square Metropolitan District Nos. 2 and 3. Such functions are furnished through a District Coordinating Services Agreement among the District and Vail Square Metropolitan District Nos. 2 and 3. Vail Square Metropolitan District Nos. 2 & 3 are the “financing districts” and as such, have and will continue to pay “capital and service obligations” to the District for construction and operation of the infrastructure in the Districts. The District’s revenues consisted primarily of funds received from the financing Districts and the Vail Reinvestment Authority, as defined in agreements between the District and those entities.

Government-wide Financial Analysis. The District’s primary activity has been the construction, acquisition and operation of infrastructure and the issuance of debt to pay for the infrastructure. The debt was originally issued by the District in 2008 but was refinanced in 2023 and transferred to Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 3.

Financial Analysis of the District’s Funds

As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District’s governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District’s financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government’s net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The District adopts budgets for each fund on an annual basis. Budgetary comparisons have been provided on page E1 for the General Fund.

Capital assets. The District’s capital assets consist primarily of infrastructure in the Districts. During 2025 the District recognized depreciation expense of \$66,079. Details can be seen in Note III B on page D11 of this report.

Long-term debts. The outstanding balance of the District’s debt for the tax-exempt loan taken out in 2008 was moved from the District to Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 3 and accordingly, the District has no remaining long-term debt.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District’s finances for all those with an interest in the government’s finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Marchetti & Weaver LLC, 28 Second Street, Suite 213, Edwards, CO 81632 or you may call (970) 926-6060.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2025

Assets:	
Cash and investments	239,080
Amounts due from VSMD No. 2 & 3	1,276
Prepaid items	10,943
Capital assets, net	<u>495,590</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>746,889</u></u>
 Liabilities:	
Current liabilities due in less than one year:	
Accounts payable	19,820
Unearned service obligation revenue from VSMD No. 2 & 3	<u>231,479</u>
Total Liabilities	<u><u>251,299</u></u>
 Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	495,590
Restricted for emergencies	14,900
Unrestricted	<u>(14,900)</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>495,590</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Functions/Programs:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	76,406	-	480,892	-	404,486
Public works	486,495	-	-	-	(486,495)
Total primary government	<u>562,901</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>480,892</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(82,009)</u>
General revenues:					
Interest income					15,930
Total General Revenues					<u>15,930</u>
Change in Net Position					(66,079)
Net Position - Beginning					<u>561,669</u>
Net Position - Ending					<u>495,590</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2025**

	General
Assets:	
Cash and investments	239,080
Amounts due from VSMD No. 2 & 3	1,276
Prepaid expenses	10,943
Total Assets	251,299
 Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	19,820
Unearned service obligation revenue from VSMD No. 2 & 3	231,479
Total Liabilities	251,299
 Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable	10,943
Restricted for emergencies	14,900
Unassigned	(25,843)
Total Fund Balances	-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Fund Balances	251,299

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds
 to the Statement of Net Position
 December 31, 2025**

Governmental Funds Total Fund Balance -

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Details of these amounts are as follows:

Capital assets	1,863,895	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,368,305)</u>	
		<u>495,590</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>495,590</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025**

	General
Revenues:	
Intergovernmental agreement	480,892
Interest	15,930
Total Revenues	496,822
 Expenditures:	
General government	76,406
Public works	420,416
Total Expenditures	496,822
Net Change in Fund Balances	-
Fund Balances - Beginning	-
Fund Balances - Ending	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the
 Statement of Activities
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2025**

Net change in fund balances for total governmental funds -

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of the assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the net difference between depreciation and capital additions during the year. Details of these differences are as follows:

Depreciation and amortization expense	(66,079)	
		(66,079)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		(66,079)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District") was established December 5, 2005, as a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado. The District was established as part of a triple district structure with Vail Square Metropolitan District Nos. 2 and 3. The District is considered the Operating District and was formed to coordinate the financing and construction of all public improvements which will be constructed for the use and benefit of all anticipated inhabitants and taxpayers of Vail Square Metropolitan District Nos. 1-3. Vail Square Metropolitan District Nos. 2 and 3 are the Financing Districts and as such have paid and will continue to pay capital and service obligations to the District for the infrastructure in the Districts.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP used by the District are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits, to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria discussed above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental type.

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, all balances are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Financial statement presentation refers to classification of revenues by source and expenses by function.

1. Long-term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

2. Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

3. Financial Statement Presentation

Amounts reported as program revenues include capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and interest income.

D. Financial Statement Accounts

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and equivalents are defined as deposits that can be withdrawn at any time without notice or penalty and investments with maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at net asset value or amortized cost. The change in fair value, net asset value, and amortized cost of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income. The District's investment policy is detailed in note III.A.

2. Receivables

Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. There was no allowance as of December 31, 2025.

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future years and are reported as prepaid items, thus utilizing the consumption method.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Infrastructure, buildings, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 to 40
Infrastructure	25 to 40
Equipment and machinery	5 to 15

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

5. Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, in the fund financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, in the statement of net position.

6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items to report under this category.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District does not have any items to report under this category.

7. Fund Balance

The District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority which is the Board of Directors.

Assigned – includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Board of Directors or its management designee.

Unassigned - includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

7. Fund Balance (continued)

The District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District first uses committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy. However, the District's budget includes a calculation of targeted reserve positions and management reports the targeted amounts annually to Board of Directors.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

In the fall of each year, the District's Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado. The budgets for the funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

As required by Colorado statutes, the District followed the following timetable in approving and enacting a budget for 2025:

- (1) For the 2025 budget year, prior to August 25, 2024, the County Assessor sent to the District the certified assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District's boundaries and prior to December 10, 2024, the County Assessor sent the final recertified assessed valuation to the District.
- (2) On or before October 15, 2024, the District's accountant submitted to the District's Board of Directors a recommended budget which detailed the necessary property taxes needed along with other available revenues to meet the District's operating requirements.
- (3) A public hearing on the proposed budget and capital program was held by the Board no later than 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

A. Budgetary Information (continued)

- (4) For the 2025 budget, prior to December 15, 2024, the District computed and certified to the County Commissioners a rate of levy that derived the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget.
- (5) For the 2025 budget, the final budget and appropriating resolution was adopted prior to December 31, 2024.

After adoption of the budget resolution, the District may make the following changes: a) it may transfer appropriated monies between funds or between spending agencies within a fund, as determined by the original appropriation level; b) it may approve supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of the estimated in the budget; c) it may approve emergency appropriations; and d) it may reduce appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

Taxes levied in one year are collected in the succeeding year. Thus, taxes certified in 2024 were collected in 2025 and taxes certified in 2025 will be collected in 2026. Taxes are due on January 1st in the year of collection; however, they may be paid in either one installment (no later than April 30th) or two equal installments (not later than February 28th and June 15th) without interest or penalty. Taxes which are not paid within the prescribed time bear interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month until paid. Unpaid amounts and the accrued interest thereon become delinquent on June 15th.

B. TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government. Any revenues earned in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year, unless voters approve retention of such excess revenue.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

TABOR also requires local governments to establish an emergency reserve to be used for declared emergencies only. The reserve is calculated at 3% of fiscal year spending. Fiscal year spending excludes bonded debt service and enterprise spending. The District has reserved \$14,900, which is the approximate required reserve, at December 31, 2025.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

B. TABOR Amendment (continued)

Under TABOR, the initial base for local government spending and revenue limits is December 31, 1992, fiscal year spending. The District's first year of operations ended December 31, 1995. Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal year spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue, if any, in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve retention of such revenue.

The electorate of the District authorized property taxes to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in 2005, plus up to an additional \$3,000,000 in 2007, and each year thereafter to pay the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses, such amounts to increase annually in an amount not to exceed the applicable limitations of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution and Colorado Law.

The District's electorate further approved that the District's taxes be increased \$120,000,000 annually, or by such lesser annual amount as may be necessary to pay the District's general or special obligation bonds, revenue bonds or other multiple fiscal year financial obligations, including contracts, issued for the purpose of refunding, paying or defeasing, in whole or in part, bonds, notes or other financial obligations of the District. Such taxes may consist of an ad valorem property tax mill levy imposed without limitation of rate and in amounts sufficient to produce the annual increase set forth above or such lesser amount as may be necessary. The revenue from such taxes and any other monies used to pay such general or special obligation bonds, revenue bonds or other multiple fiscal year financial obligations costs, and investment income thereon, may be collected and spent by the District without regard to any expenditure, revenue raising, or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

C. Authorized But Unissued Debt

Pursuant to C.R.S. 32-1-1101(2) a District is authorized to issue bonds for a period up to twenty years following the date of the election at which such bonds were authorized by the District's voters. The District has the following remaining authorizations at December 31, 2025:

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Date of Authorization</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Authorization Used</u>	<u>Authorization Remaining</u>
Street Facilities	11/1/2005	20,000,000	8,785,393	11,214,607
Drainage Facilities	11/1/2005	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
Security Facilities	11/1/2005	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Traffic/Safety Protection Facilities	11/1/2005	2,000,000	851,532	1,148,468
Operations and Administration	11/1/2005	20,000,000	-	20,000,000
Costs of Acquiring/Constructing Facilities	11/1/2005	20,000,000	-	20,000,000
Costs of Acquiring/Constructing Facilities	11/1/2005	20,000,000	-	20,000,000
Water Facilities	11/6/2007	5,000,000	1,795,410	3,204,590
Sanitary Sewer Facilities	11/6/2007	5,000,000	1,795,410	3,204,590
Parks and Recreation	11/6/2007	5,000,000	2,532,490	2,467,510
Public Transportation	11/6/2007	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
Mosquito Control	11/6/2007	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Fire Protection	11/6/2007	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
Television Relay	11/6/2007	1,000,000	239,765	760,235
Operations and Administration	11/6/2007	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
Refunding	11/1/2005	40,000,000	-	40,000,000
		157,000,000	16,000,000	141,000,000

The District's Service Plan further limits debt issuances to \$20,000,000.

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

The District's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance ("FDIC") or by collateral held under Colorado's Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA"). The FDIC insures the first \$250,000 of the District's deposits at each financial institution. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are collateralized as required by PDPA. The carrying amount of the District's demand deposits was \$4,516 at year end.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments, and entities such as the District, may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contract
- Local government investment pools

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the District diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer and type of issuer. The District coordinates its investment maturities to closely match cash flow needs and restricts the maximum investment term to less than five years (less in some cases) from the purchase date. As a result of the limited length of maturities the District has limited its interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. District investment policy limits investments to those authorized by State statutes. The District's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District diversifies its investments by security type and institution. Financial institutions holding District funds must provide the District a copy of the certificate from the Banking Authority that states that the institution is an eligible public depository.

At year end, the District had the following deposits and investments with the following maturities:

	Standard & Poors Rating	Carrying Amounts	Term to Maturity	
			Less than one year	More than one year
<i>Deposits:</i>				
Checking and savings	Not rated	4,516	4,516	-
<i>Investments:</i>				
Investment pool	AAAm	234,564	234,564	-
		<u>239,080</u>	<u>239,080</u>	<u>-</u>

At December 31, 2025, the District had the following recurring fair value measurements.

Investments Measured at Amortized Cost	Total
CSAFE	234,564
	<u>234,564</u>

Fair Value of Investments. The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by GAAP. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- *Level 1:* Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- *Level 2:* Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- *Level 3:* Unobservable inputs.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Investments classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, and Commercial Paper: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active;
- Repurchase Agreements, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, and Collateralized Debt Obligations: matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices;
- Money Market, Bond, and Equity Mutual Funds: published fair value per share (unit) for each fund.

The Investment Pool represents investments in CSAFE. The net asset value of the pool is determined by the pool's share price. The District has no regulatory oversight for the pool. At December 31, 2025, the District's investments in CSAFE were 100% of the District's investment portfolio.

The District had invested \$234,564 in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund ("CSAFE"). The Trust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund, measured at net asset value, and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank.

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Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

B. Capital Assets

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2025, follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,428,437	-	-	1,428,437
Signage	211,913	-	-	211,913
Utility improvements	223,545	-	-	223,545
Total capital assets	<u>1,863,895</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,863,895</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(942,771)	(57,137)	-	(999,908)
Signage	(211,913)	-	-	(211,913)
Utility improvements	(147,542)	(8,942)	-	(156,484)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,302,226)</u>	<u>(66,079)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,368,305)</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>561,669</u>	<u>(66,079)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>495,590</u>

Depreciation expense is classified by function as follows:

	<u>Depreciation Expense</u>
Public works	<u>66,079</u>
	<u>66,079</u>

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and general liability. The District is a member of the Colorado Special District Property and Liability Pool ("Pool") for property and liability insurance.

The Pool was formed by an intergovernmental agreement to provide public officials, property, general and automobile liability coverage for claims up to \$1,000,000, except if the claim falls within the government immunity statute, then the coverage is \$150,000 per person and a \$600,000 aggregate claim. The Pool is reinsured for 80% of the first \$250,000 of all claims and 100% for claims in excess of \$250,000. The District may be required to make additional contributions in the event aggregate losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts. Any excess funds, which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula. Any settled claims are not expected to exceed coverage. A summary of audited statutory basis financial information for the Pool can be found here: <https://csdpool.org/financials>.

During the normal course of business, the District may incur claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the District and their legal representatives have disclosed that they are not aware of any material outstanding claims against the District at December 31, 2025.

V. Intergovernmental Agreements

A. Joint Funding Agreement

The Operating District obtained two loans in the aggregate principal amount of \$16,000,000 on July 23, 2008, for the purpose of constructing certain public infrastructure (the "Facilities") for the benefit of the Districts. Concurrent with obtaining the loans the Operating District entered into a Joint Funding Agreement with the Financing Districts to provide funding to the Operating District for the repayment of the loans. The Joint Funding Agreement generally provides that the Financing Districts will assess mill levies to collect property tax revenues which will be paid to and used by the Operating District to pay Financing Costs related to the loans. Financing Costs are defined as the principal and interest payments required by debt and interest rate swaps obtained or entered into by the Districts, including replenishment of debt reserve funds.

Concurrent with District No. 3 obtaining the refunding loan in the principal amount of \$9,400,000 on April 1, 2023 (the "2023 Loan"), the Joint Funding Agreement described above was replaced with the Amended and Restated Joint Funding Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2023, among the Operating District and Financing Districts. The Amended and Restated Joint Funding Agreement generally provides that the Financing Districts will assess mill levies to collect property tax revenues which will be paid to and used by the District No. 3 to pay Financing Costs related to the 2023 Loan. Financing Costs are defined as the principal of, and interest on, the 2023 Loan.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

V. Intergovernmental Agreements (continued)

A. Joint Funding Agreement (continued)

In 2025, the mill levy assessed for collection in 2026 was 24.000 mills in Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 2, with 20.000 mills allocated for the Amended and Restated Joint Funding Agreement and 4.000 mills for general operating expenses and, 15.797 mills in Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 3, with 11.797 mills allocated for the Amended and Restated Joint Funding Agreement and 4.000 mills for the District Coordinating Services Agreement.

B. District Coordinating Services Agreement

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1 (the “Coordinating District”) and Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 2 and 3 (the “Financing Districts”) entered into the District Coordinating Service Agreement on November 13, 2023. The Agreement terminated the District Facilities Joint Financing, Construction and Service Agreement, dated July 21, 2008. The Agreement generally provides an obligation for the Districts to pay for the operation and maintenance of public improvements and administrative expenses incurred by the Coordinating District. The Financing Districts are obligated to generate and pay to the Coordinating District certain tax and other revenues. The Coordinating District is responsible for preparing annual preliminary budget proposals to the Financing Districts for their consideration. The Financing Districts are required to deposit 1/12th of the annual costs from the budget with the Coordinating District on a monthly basis.

The Coordinating District has recorded deferred service obligation revenue from the Financing Districts as of December 31, 2025 in the amounts of \$168,980 and \$62,499 which represents prepaid service obligations. The capital costs incurred for infrastructure construction and costs related to issuance of and debt service on the loans in the Coordinating District have been fully repaid and no Capital Obligations is outstanding to the Coordinating District.

The Agreement specifies certain termination rights on the part of the Districts. Various limitations and conditions to such termination rights exist and reference to the text of the Agreement should be made for specific terms.

C. Pledge Agreements

The Districts have entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement and Amended and Restated Pledge Agreement with the Vail Reinvestment Authority.

Under these agreements and in consideration for the Districts’ commitment to undertake construction of certain public improvements, the Vail Reinvestment Authority agrees to transfer to the Districts the District Tax Increment Revenues, to which the Authority would otherwise be entitled under an Urban Renewal Plan relating to the project.

Under the second agreement the Authority pledged the Tax Incremental Revenue to the 2008 Loan.

The Districts entered into an Amended and Restated Pledge Agreement on April 1, 2023, with Vail Reinvestment Authority. The agreement replaces the previous pledge agreement and pledges the Authority’s Debt Service District Tax Increment Revenues to District No. 3 to assist with repayment of the 2023 Loan and Operations District Tax Increment Revenues to District No. 1 to assist with paying the Financing Districts operation and maintenance costs.

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025
(continued)

VI. Other Information

The District's Board of Directors are either officers or employees of or have business or professional relationships with the Developer. The District had the following payments to related parties via certain agreements within Note V for the year ended December 31, 2025:

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Operations	37,072
Snowmelt	41,537
	<u>78,609</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Vail Square Metropolitan District No. 1
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds - General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025
(With Comparative Actual Amounts For the Year Ended 2024)

	2025			Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	2024
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Actual
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental agreement	538,700	565,787	480,892	(84,895)	771,934
Interest	24,000	24,000	15,930	(8,070)	49,868
Total Revenues	<u>562,700</u>	<u>589,787</u>	<u>496,822</u>	<u>(92,965)</u>	<u>821,802</u>
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Accounting and auditing	48,500	58,000	52,209	5,791	75,430
Insurance	4,400	3,587	3,587	-	3,043
Legal	26,250	12,000	11,258	742	16,039
Administration - Other	6,200	6,700	9,352	(2,652)	1,469
Public works:					
Operations expense	212,500	402,500	378,880	23,620	588,703
Snowmelt	164,850	92,000	41,536	50,464	137,118
Contingency	100,000	15,000	-	15,000	-
Total General Government Expenditures	<u>562,700</u>	<u>589,787</u>	<u>496,822</u>	<u>92,965</u>	<u>821,802</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>